| Name: | Period: | Date: |
|-------|---------|-------|
| | | 24.6. |

DNA Replication & Protein Synthesis Virtual Lab Sheet

PART 1 DNA: Use the following link to read the What is DNA article by the Genetics Home Reference. https://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/primer/basics/dna

| 1. What is DNA? |
|--|
| 2. What does DNA stand for? |
| 3. What are the four chemical bases? |
| 4. What does the DNA serve as? |
| PART 2 DNA REPLICATION : Use the following link to read the Discovery of the Structure of DNA article by Khan Academy. As you read the article, answer the following questions. <a 9.="" are="" base="" bonds="" by?<="" dna="" double="" held="" helix="" href="https://www.khanacademy.org/science/high-school-biology/hs-molecular-genetics/hs-discovery-and-structure-of-dna/a/discovery-of-the-structure-of-dna/a/discovery-of-dna/a/discove</td></tr><tr><td>5. What are the subunits of DNA?</td></tr><tr><td>6. What three things is a nucleotide made of? 1. 2. 3.</td></tr><tr><td>7. What type bond forms between deoxyribose of one nucleotide and the phosphate group of the next?</td></tr><tr><td>8. What are the three parts of Chargaff's Rule? •</td></tr><tr><td>•</td></tr><tr><td>Scroll down to " of="" pairing"="" strands="" td="" the="" together="" two="" type="" what=""> |
| 10. What is A (adenine) always bonded with? |
| 11. What is G (guanine) always bonded with? |
| 12. The A-T and C-G associations are known as what? |
| PART 3 DNA – APPLYING CHARGAFF'S RULE: Use the following link to access DNA Replication by Pearson Science. Read the screen and follow the directions below to complete this activity. http://www.phschool.com/atschool/phbio/active_art/dna_replication/index.html |
| 13. What is the name of the process when DNA duplicates? |
| 14. Click "Start" to view the animation. What is the principle enzyme involved in DNA replication? |
| 15. In what direction(s) does DNA Replicated? |

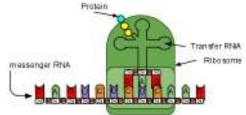
| the game, answ | er the following quest | ions. http://nanospace.molegistal | ecularium.com/attractions/replication_rush/ |
|-------------------|---|---|---|
| | | ne game. What is your best eed: | c) Errors: |
| | | link below to watch the "Pro tps://www.youtube.com/wat | tein Synthesis" video by the Amoeba Sisters. Answer |
| 18. Why are you | ur eyes the color they | are? | |
| 19. Where does | s protein synthesis hap | pen? | |
| 20. What are th | e two major steps of p | protein synthesis in order? | |
| 1 | | 2 | |
| | | | MMAN |
| 22. What is an a | amino acid? | | |
| 23. What type o | of bond holds together | amino acids? | |
| 24. Transfer RN | A (tRNA) reads bases i | n groups of | . This group is called a |
| Fill in the Table | Below as You Watch | | |
| Type of RNA | Made During Transcription or Translation? | Where Does it Take Place in the Cell (Some may have multiple places) | What is the main job of this type of RNA? |
| 25. mRNA | | | |
| 26. tRNA | | | |
| 27. rRNA | | | |

16. Click "Build a DNA Strand". Build 2 strands of DNA by dragging the bases on the right to the strand of DNA.

PART 4 BASE PAIRING PRACTICE: Use the following link to play the Replication Rush by NanoSpace game. As you play

| ollo | w the directions on the | screen. List the 5 Amino | Acids you coded for to | o make the protein below. |
|---------------|--|---------------------------------|---|--|
| 28. | a | b | | C |
| | d | e | | |
| BioM As yo | an Biology. Click "Start u complete the game, a | | Read the screens and festions on the handou | |
| rans | cription In the Nucleus | | | |
| 9. Tı | ranscription is the proc | ess of copying a gene to | create | |
| 0. Tı | ranscription is the first | process that must happe | en in order to make a _ | |
| 1. In | order for transcription | to happen, DNA must _ | | |
| 2 H | ow many strands of DN | A are used for transcript | ion? | |
| 3. W | /ill you be playing with | the top or bottom strip (| of DNA? | |
| 4. W | /hat is the name of the | enzyme used to make R | NA nucleotides? | |
| with | • • | ne, and DNA nucleotide pairs | . • | ription, the RNA nucleotide Adenine pairs RNA nucleotide Uracil. The Cytosine still |
| 5. W | /hat type of molecule d | id you create when you | transcribed all of the r | ucleotides? |
| 6. W | /hat does the messenge | er RNA (mRNA) do? | | |
| 7. W | /hat happens to the DN | A molecule after transci | ription? | |
| 8. W | here does the messen | ger RNA have to travel to | o after transcription?_ | |

39. Write down your score here _____



| <u>Translation in the Rib</u> | <u>osome</u> | |
|--|---|----------------------------------|
| 40. A protein is a cha | n of | |
| 41. The | of amino acids in the chain and the | of the chain determine |
| what kind of protein | | |
| complementary ti | chart at the upper right of the screen to see what codons code RNA anticodon to pair with the mRNA codon. When you are pail with the correct amino acid color. Use the black line above the Each code for amino acids is a specific color! | ring the two codons, look at the |
| 42. Codons are triple | ts of nitrogenous bases on mRNA that code for a specific | |
| 43. Which type of RN | A is responsible for translation of mRNA? | |
| 44. What is another r | name of a chain of amino acids? | |
| 45. What happens to | the ribosome after translation? | |
| 46. What does the sh | ape of a folded polypeptide indicate? | |
| <u>Translation -</u> | Did You Get It? | |
| 47. Click on t | ne correct term where the arrow or bracket is indicating. How r | many did you get correct? |
| 48. Answer tl | ne 8 multiple-choice questions. Write your score here: | |
| <u>Summary</u> | | fafafaf |
| 49. Write your total t | ime here: | |
| 50. Write your percei | nt correct here: | |
| 51. In 3 or more com translation creates pr | plete sentences, describe the process of protein synthesis and roteins. | explain how transcription and |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |